Grand Test – NIACL/DCCB-190109



NIACL/DCCB Preliminary Grand Test –NIACL/DCCB-190109

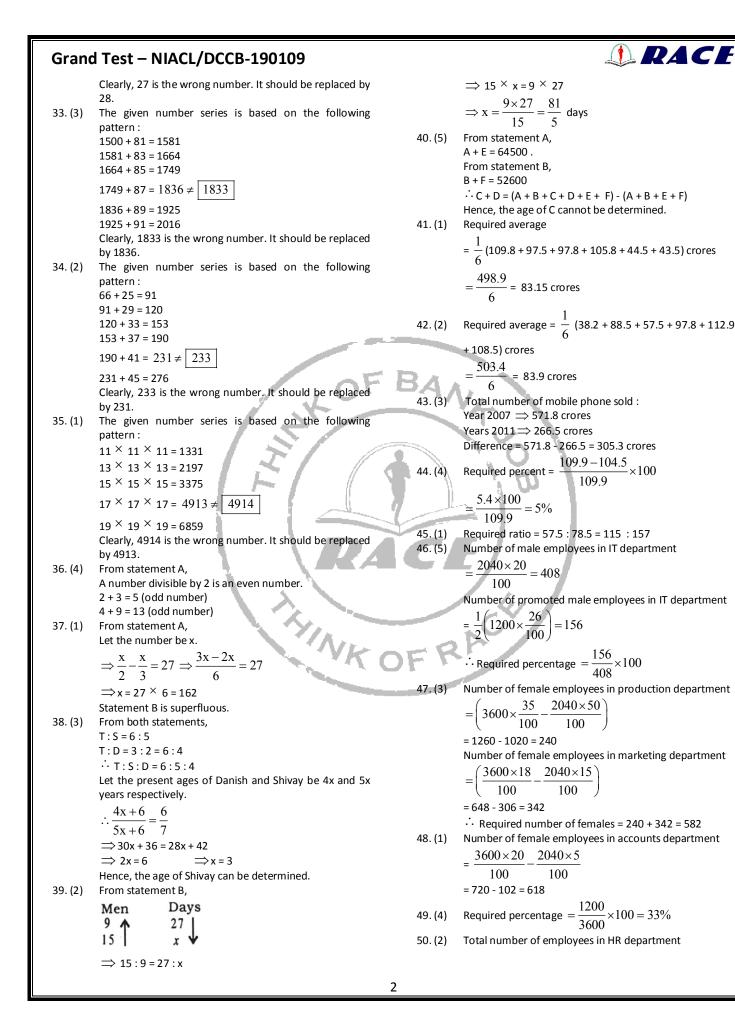
ANSWER KEY

1.(3)	21.(1)	41.(1)	61.(2)	81.(2)	
2.(4)	22.(2)	42.(2)	62.(4)	82.(4)	
3.(1)	23.(1)	43.(3)	63.(1)	83.(3)	
4. (3)	24.(3)	44.(4)	64.(5)	84.(1)	
5.(5)	25.(4)	45.(1)	65.(3)	85.(4)	
6.(3)	26.(4)	46.(5)	66.(3)	86.(3)	
7.(1)	27.(3)	47.(3)	67.(2)	87.(1)	
8. (2)	28.(1)	48.(1)	68.(1)	88.(5)	
9. (3)	29.(2)	49.(4)	69.(1)	89.(4)	
10.(4)	30.(3)	50.(2)	70.(4)	90.(1)	12 1
11.(4)	31.(5)	51.(3)	71.(4)	91.(4)	10 I
12.(1)	32.(3)	52.(1)	72.(3)	92.(1)	
13.(3)	33.(3)	53.(3)	73.(5)	93.(2)	
14.(2)	34.(2)	54.(1)	74.(5)	94.(3)	
15.(5)	35.(1)	55.(2)	75.(4)	95.(1)	
16.(4)	36.(4)	56.(3)	76.(3)	96.(1)	
17.(2)	37.(1)	57.(4)	77.(4)	97.(3)	
18.(1)	38.(3)	58.(3)	78.(2)	98.(2)	
19.(5)	39.(2)	59.(2)	79.(1)	99.(4)	
20.(3)	40.(5)	60.(5)	80.(5)	100.(5)	
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HINTS & SOLUTIONS

	NK.
1. (3)	
2. (4)	
3. (1)	
4. (3)	
5. (5)	
6. (3)	
7.(1)	Offshoring (Noun) = the practice of a company in one
	country arranging for people in another country to do
	work for it.
8. (2)	Acute (Adjective) = very serious or severe.
	Look at the sentence:
	There is an acute shortage of water.
9. (3)	Redundancy (Noun) = the situation when somebody has
	to leave their Job because there is no more work
	available for them.
	Look at the sentences :
	Thousands of factory workers are facing redundancy.
	There is no shortage of = there are plenty of) things to
	do in the town.
10. (4)	Generate (Verb) = to produce or create something.
	Destroy (Verb) = to damage something badly that it no
	longer exists.

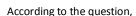
	Look at the sentence :			
	We need someone to generate new ideas.			
	0			
	They have completely destroyed all the evidence.			
11.(4)	his commitment to			
12.(1)	which have led to			
13.(3)	so scarce that			
14.(2)	If you are fortunate			
15.(5)	No correction required			
16.(4)	D			
17.(2)	В			
18.(1)	A			
19. (5)	E			
20. (3)	С			
21. (1)	In order to do something = with the purpose or			
(-)	intention of doing or achieving something.			
-	Look at the sentences :			
D	She arrived early in order to get a good seat.			
DAX				
	Hence, In order to take their should be used here.			
22 (2)	Police is generally used in Plural.			
22.(2)	Here, the commission (singular) has foundshould			
	be used here.			
2	Find $ ightarrow$ found (Past) $ ightarrow$ found (Past participle)			
	Found $ ightarrow$ to start something; establish.			
	Found \Rightarrow founded (Past) \Rightarrow founded (Past participle).			
23.(1)	The event relates to the present and has effect on			
	present. Hence, Present Perfect i.e., Social media has			
	disclosed thatshould be used here.			
24. (3)	Here, For one this intangible sector has suddenly			
	(Adverb) been witness (Noun)should be used. Look			
	at the structure of the sentence.			
25.(4)	In Passive Voice, V_3 i.e., default encouraged to put			
23. (4)	theirshould be used here.			
26 (4)	perfected			
26. (4)				
27.(3)	modifications			
	designed			
	demands			
30. (3)	vogue			
31. (5)	The given number series is based on the following			
	pattern:			
	487.5 – 357.5 = 130			
	357.5 – 247.5 = 110			
	247.5 – 157.5 = 90			
	157.5 – 87.5 = 70			
	$87.5 - 37.5 = 50 \neq 40$			
	37.5 – 7.5 = 30			
	Clearly, 47.5 is the wrong number. It should be replaced			
	by 37.5.			
32.(3)	The given number series is based on the following			
	pattern			
	13 + 3 =16			
	16 + 5 = 21			
	21 + 7 = 28 ≠ 27			
	28 + 11 = 39 20 + 12 - 52			
	39 + 13 = 52 52 + 17 - 60			
	52 + 17 = 69			



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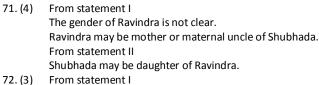


a = 650; f = 550; g = 450; c = 100; $3600 \times \frac{12}{100} = 432$ b + c = 200; c + e = 400 c + d = 300Number of promoted employees in HR department \therefore b = 100. e = 300 and d = 200 $=1200 \times \frac{11}{100} = 132$ Required difference = 300 - 200 = 100 56.(3) Number of member who read at least two newspapers 57.(5) Required percentage = 200 + 400 + 300 + 100 = 100058.(3) Number of members reading Hindi newspaper = b + c + e + f $=\frac{132}{432}\times 100 = 30.56$ = 100 + 100 + 300 + 550 = 1050Number of members reading only one newspaper = a + f + g59.(2) 51. (3) Length of rectangle = x cm (let) = 650 + 550 + 450 = 1650 Length = (x + 5) cm. According to question, Number of newspaper readers = a + b + c + d + e + f + g60.(5) \Rightarrow (x + 5) (x) = (x + 5 - 3) (x + 2) 650 + 100 + 100 + 200 + 300 + 550 + 450 = 2350 \Rightarrow x² + 5x = (x + 2)² = x² + 4x+ 4 ·· Number of members reading no newspaper \Rightarrow 5x - 4x = 4 = 2800 - 2350 = 450 63251 × 82 = ? × 42105 \Rightarrow x = 4 61.(2) $\Rightarrow ?=\frac{63251\times82}{42105}=123$ \therefore Length of rectangle = 4 + 5 = 9 cm. · · Perimeter of rectangle $? = \sqrt{84111} = 290$ 62.(4) = 2(9 + 4) = 26 cm. $? = (54.78)^2 = (55)^2 = 3025$ 63.(1) 52. (1) A : B : C $= 12 \times 5 : 12 \times 7 : 6 \times 7$ Approximate answer = 3000 = 10 : 14 : 7 ? = (7171+3854+1195) ÷ (892+214+543) = 12220÷ 64. (5) 53. (3) 5 women = 3 men 1649 = 7 $? = \left(\frac{816 \times 562}{100}\right) + 1449 = 4586 + 1449 = 6035$ \therefore 35 women = $\frac{3}{5} \times 35$ = 21 men 65. (3) $\therefore \mathbf{M}_1 \mathbf{D}_1 \mathbf{T}_1 = \mathbf{M}_2 \mathbf{D}_2 \mathbf{T}_2$ $D \div N \Longrightarrow D$ is sister of N. 66. (3) $\Rightarrow_{20} \times 27 \times 7 = 21 \times 6 \times D_2$ $N - K \implies N$ is mother of K. Therefore, D is maternal aunt of K. $\Rightarrow D_2 = \frac{20 \times 27 \times 7}{21 \times 6} = 30 \text{ days}$ $D \div N \Longrightarrow D$ is sister of N. $N + K \Longrightarrow N$ is father of K. Number of students in schools A, B and C respectively 54. (1) Therefore, D is paternal aunt of K. 3x, 5x and 7x $D \times N \Longrightarrow D$ is brother of N. $N - K \implies N$ is mother of K. ·· Required ratio after respective increases $\frac{2 \text{tive}}{20} = \frac{7 \text{x} \times 125}{20} = 100$ Therefore, D is maternal uncle of K. $\left(\underline{5x}\times 120\right)$ $3x \times 115$ $M \times T \Longrightarrow M$ is brother of T. 67.(2) 100 100 $T + R \implies T$ is father of R $= (3 \times 15) : (5 \times 120) : (7 \times 125)$ Therefore, M is uncle of R. = 69 : 120 : 175 $R \div J = R$ is sister of J. J + M J is father of M. Rate downstream = $\frac{20}{2}$ = 10 kmph 55. (2) $M \times T = M$ is brother of T. Therefore, M is nephew of R Rate upstream = $\frac{20}{4}$ = 5 kmph 68.(1) $R \ge U = N \ge S$ $A > N \ge D$ Speed of boat in still water = $\frac{1}{2}$ (10 + 5) $R \ge U = N \ge D$ $R \ge U = N < A$ $=\frac{15}{2}$ = 7.5 kmph $D \le N \ge S$ Option (1), $R \ge D$: True Option (2), U > A : Not True 56-60. Option (3), D < S : Not True Option (4), A < R : Not True English Option (5), U < D : Not True Obviously, option (1) may be reason for providing the 69.(1) Hindi Best Restaurant of the City Award to a newbie. 70. (4) From both the statements. walk for health \rightarrow he pa ta morning walk improves health \rightarrow pa ra ta ko Marathi



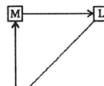
The code for 'health' may be 'pa' or 'ta'.

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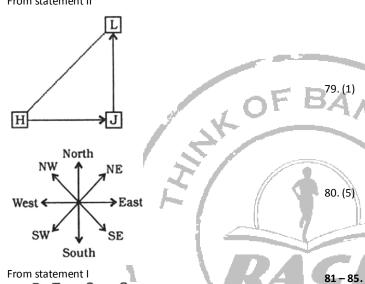


72. (3)

73. (5)







$$\frac{P, T > Q > S}{R}$$

From statement II Anyone of them except R boarded the train in the last. From both the statements

74.(5) From both the statements Total number of children in the group = 10 + 20 - 1 = 29

75 – 79. (i) P[©] $Q \implies P \ge Q$ (ii) $P\%Q \Longrightarrow P \le Q$ (iii) $P(a)Q \Longrightarrow P = Q$ (iv) P\$ $O \Rightarrow P < O$

(v)
$$P\delta Q \Longrightarrow P > Q$$

75. (4)
$$H \odot T \Longrightarrow H \ge T$$

 $T \% M \Longrightarrow T \le M$
 $M \delta F \Longrightarrow M > F$
Therefore, $H \ge T \le M > F$
Conclusions:

I. F \$ T \implies F < T: Not true II. H δ M \Longrightarrow H > M : Not true 76. (3) $B @ N \Longrightarrow B = N$

 $T \le K \implies T < K$ Therefore, $B = N \ge T < K$ Conclusions: I. T @ B \implies T= B: Not True II. T \$ B \Rightarrow T < B: Not True Either I or II is true. $R \$ J \Longrightarrow R < J$ $J \delta F \Longrightarrow J > F$ $F \% H \Longrightarrow F \le H$ Therefore, $R < J > F \leq H$ Conclusions: I. H δ J \Rightarrow H > J : Not True II. $R \$ F = R < F: Not True $J\delta F \implies J > D$ $D @ N \Longrightarrow D = N$ $N \% F \Longrightarrow N \le F$ Therefore, $J > D = N \leq F$ Conclusions: I. J δ F \Longrightarrow J > F : Not True II. F \bigcirc D \Longrightarrow F \ge D : True $B \delta T \Longrightarrow B > T$

т\$н⇒т<н н@м⇒н=м

77. (4)

78. (2)

- I. M δ T \Rightarrow M >T : True
- II. $B \delta H \implies B > H : Not True$

Obviously, option (5) is the appropriate reason of the given facts. People generally consume the quantity contained in a sachets at a time. They do not want to store the ingredient of the sachet after opening it. They think it better to consume the ingredient at once. This necessarily enhances the sale of the products.

Friends	Area	Hobby
Hetal	Vikhroli	Singing
Jayshreeeee	Thane	Drawing
Rohini	Dadar	Reading
Meena	Kanjurmarg	Cooking
Nidhi	Mulund	Travelling
Swati	Matunga	Dancing

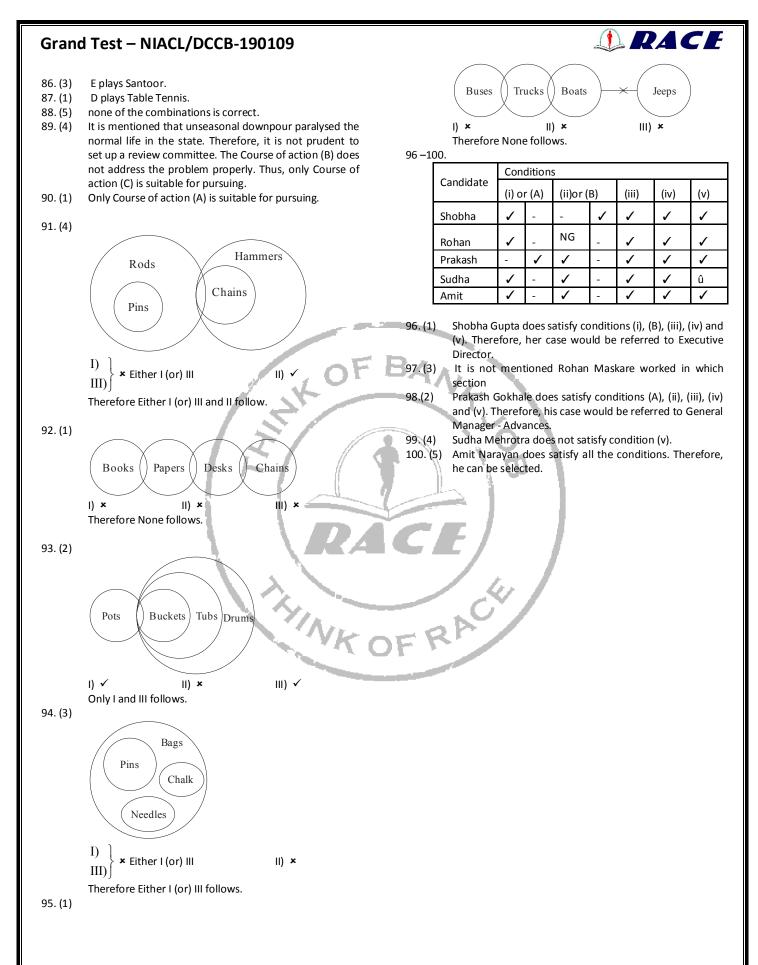
81.(2) Swati's hobby is dancing.

- 82.(4) Hetal's hobby is singing.
- 83. (3) Nidhi's hobby is travelling.
- Jayshree stays in Thane. 84.(1)
- Rohini stays in Dadar. 85.(4)

86-88.

Member	Games	Instrument	
А	Badminton	Flute	
В	Carrom	Banjo	
С	Lawn Tennis	Harmonium	
D	Table Tennis	Tabla	
E	Bridge	Santoor	
F	Football	Guitar	
G	Hockey	Sitar	





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